General Education Course Information Sheet Please submit this sheet for each proposed course

Department & Course Number	EDUCATION 98TA		
	Education for Social Justice: Students, Communities, and		
Course Title	Teachers Challenging Inequity in U.S. K-12 Schools		
Indicate if Seminar and/or Writing II course	Teminar and/or Writing II course Seminar		
1 Check the recommended GE foundati	on area(s) and subgroups(s) for this course		
Foundations of the Arts and	Humanities		
• Literary and Cultural Analy			
 Philosophic and Linguistic 			
 Visual and Performance Ar 	rts Analysis and Practice		
Foundations of Society and G	Culture		
 Historical Analysis 			
• Social Analysis	x		
Foundations of Scientific Inc	quiry		
Physical Science With Laboratory or Damor	nstration Component must be 5 units (or more)		
• Life Science	istration Component must be 5 units (or more)		
	astration Component must be 5 units (or more)		
2. Briefly describe the rationale for assig	gnment to foundation area(s) and subgroup(s) chosen.		
to understand how educational research communities, and teachers struggle for s	will be educational inequality, and students will have the opportunity is conducted on efforts to challenge that inequality and how students, social justice in U.S. K-12 schools so that, as the requirement for understandings of social phenomena are achieved and evaluated."		
3. List faculty member(s) who will serve Mary Candace Raygoza, Teaching F	e as instructor (give academic rank): Fellow; Professor Megan Franke, Faculty Advisor		
Do you intend to use graduate studer	nt instructors (TAs) in this course? Yes No x		
If y	es, please indicate the number of TAs		
4. Indicate when do you anticipate teach	ing this course:		
2016-2017 Fall	Winter Spring		
Enrollment	Enrollment x Enrollment		
5. GE Course Units			
Is this an <i>existing</i> course that has been If yes, provide a brief explanation of w	modified for inclusion in the new GE? Yes No x what has changed.		
Present Number of Units:	Proposed Number of Units: 5		

6.	Please present concise a	ise arguments for the GE principles applicable to this course.		
	General Knowledge	This seminar will call on students to ex improve society for greater social justic will learn various methodological approconduct their own small-scale ethnogra youth, community members, and teachers	ce: the translation of theo oaches to research on edu phic research investigation	ry to practice. Students acation justice issues and on. They will learn from
	Integrative Learning	We will explore a range of theoretical, perspectives on education for social just		ots organizing
	Ethical Implications	Students will develop their own theory struggle for educational justice; they we educational research on justice issues		
	Cultural Diversity	This seminar will explicitly address rac discrimination exacerbated in schools a resist educational inequity		
	Critical Thinking	Students will read, synthesize, engage i empirical scholarship on social justice of		ue theoretical and
	Rhetorical Effectiveness	Students will write weekly reading resp arguments about literature and practice		
	Problem-solving	Students will examine how youth, community members, and teacher strive to solve the problem of educational inequity and examine how they themselves may already be or car challenge educational inequity		
	Library & Information Literacy	Students will need to select pertinent so an educational justice issue they are pas		to write a final paper on
	(A) COLUDENTE CONTE	A CIT DED WIELZ (28 A	24 - NI/A \	
		ACT PER WEEK (if not applicable wr	•	
	1. Lecture:		3	(hours)
	2. Discussion Sec	tion:	N/A	_ (hours)
	3. Labs:		N/A	(hours)
	4. Experiential (se	ervice learning, internships, other):	Once during quarter	(hours)
	4. Experiential (se	rivice learning, internships, other).	Once during	(nours)
	5. Field Trips:		quarter	(hours)
	(A) TOTAL Student C	ontact Per Week	3	(HOURS)
	(m) or m or or 1 ag			
	<u> </u>	HOURS PER WEEK (if not applicable	write N/A)	
	1. General Review	& Preparation:	1	_ (hours)
	2. Reading		4	(hours)
	3. Group Projects:		2	(hours)
	•	Quizzes & Exams:	<u>N/A</u>	_ (hours)
	5. Information Lite	•	1	_ (hours)
	6. Written Assignr		2	_ (hours)
	Research Activi	ty:	_ 2	(hours)

(B) TOTAL Out-of-class time per week

GRAND TOTAL (A) + (B) must equal at least 15 hours/week

12	(HOURS)
15	(HOURS)

Students, Communities, and Teachers and the Struggle for Social Justice in U.S. K-12 Schools **Seminar Syllabus**

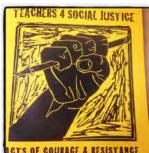
Graduate Student Instructor: Mary Candace Raygoza, M.Ed.

Email: mary.candace.raygoza@ucla.edu

Twitter: @Math4SocJustice

Winter 2017	7
Class Time:	
Location:	







Seminar Description

Educational inequality in United States K-12 schools is profound, as opportunity and achievement gaps by race, class, and gender persist. While it is important to understand the extent of educational inequality and its causes and consequences, it is also essential to investigate the ways in which we can envision a more socially just education system. The central theme of this seminar is the struggle for social justice in United States K-12 schools. Specifically, this seminar will examine the various ways students, community members, and teachers across the country strive to challenge educational inequality. We will collectively explore multiple theoretical and pedagogical perspectives on social justice education. The first third of the course will explore the meaning of social justice education. The second third will explore different perspectives on how teachers and students can work towards social justice (within the classroom). The final third will explore how youth, communities, and educators engage in grassroots organizing for social justice (outside the classroom). Throughout the course, you will be asked to analyze current efforts for social justice education, both in Los Angeles and across the United States. You will also be asked to examine your own experiences in K-12 education in relation to scholarship. In addition to engaging deeply with the course readings, I encourage you to bring in your own knowledge and lived experiences, articles, video clips, and more as we co-create this learning community. We will learn from youth, community members, and teachers working towards social justice education and from academic scholarship that centers the voices of those "on the ground" in schools seeking to advance social justice.

Learning will be demonstrated by students through: active participation in class dialogue, group facilitation of an engaging activity of your design (not simply a presentation of the readings), film reviews, weekly reading responses, a midterm paper based on an interview with a social justice educational advocate and ethnographic observation of their learning/work place, and a final research paper on a social justice education issue you are passionate about.

As your instructor, I am here first and foremost for you. I welcome and encourage you to contact me regarding academic questions and areas of interests I can support you with. I will respect you as a student and human being, and I expect that you will do the same for me and the other students of our class. We will strive to develop a "beloved community," as Martin Luther King Jr. spoke of, so that we may collectively interrogate issues of social justice.

Seminar Objectives

- 1. To read, synthesize, engage in dialogue on, and critique theoretical and empirical scholarship on social justice education
- 2. To connect scholarship to present movements for social justice in schools, within Los Angeles and across the **United States**
- 3. To ask critical questions related to the status quo of United States K-12 schools and reflect critically on your own educational experiences
- To develop your academic writing skills, especially in relation to synthesizing literature, defining a problem, and formulating arguments with clarity, as you write assignments and papers of various kinds related to social
- To build a "beloved community" in seminar, learning from and building on each others' ideas
- To develop your own theory of change for how our schools may be more socially just, informed by educational research

Community Guidelines: Building a Beloved Community

"Dr. King's *Beloved Community* is a global vision, in which all people can share in the wealth of the earth. Racism and all forms of discrimination, bigotry and prejudice will be replaced by an all-inclusive spirit of sisterhood and brotherhood." In "Letter From Birmingham Jail," Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. wrote, "Injustice anywhere is a threat to justice everywhere. We are caught in an inescapable network of mutuality, tied in a single garment of destiny. Whatever affects one directly, affects all indirectly." In this seminar in which will discuss sensitive and sometimes controversial topics, we will strive to build our own "beloved community," respecting ourselves and everyone around us in speech and action (based on race, ethnicity, culture, class, gender, sexual orientation, language, religion, age, ability, legal status, etc). We will:

- Step up, Step back. Participate. Actively listen when other students share. Recognize and expand on contributions.
- Remember there is "one mic"/"one diva." Try not to interrupt.
- Assume good intentions.
- Speak to the readings and your experiences personal/familial/educational/ community. Don't assume universal narratives or experiences or speak for someone else.
- Use gender-neutral language; ask classmates' preferred gender pronouns.
- Be accepting and receptive of someone challenging your ideas. "Calling-in" is welcome.
- Demand of yourself openness of mind and heart. Be open to learn.
- Resist. Think critically question the way things are!
- Be responsible to you, your community, your world.

We will discuss these guidelines during the first seminar and discuss collectively what we need to modify or add.

Be present in class!

To learn and to build the "beloved community" in our seminar, we need you to be on time and participate. Being present in class goes beyond showing up - it means respecting the knowledge we build together and everyone's contributions. I have very high expectations for all of you. The best way to succeed in this class is to: be present, read, ask questions, and be on top of your writing assignments – start them *early*. In general, late work is <u>not</u> accepted.

Required Texts

Three books are required for the course. The remainder of the required readings are academic journal articles and other accessible online sources.

- 1) Oakes, J., & Rogers, J. (2006). Learning power: Organizing for education and justice. Teachers College Press.
- 2) Picower, B. (2012). Practice what you teach: Social justice education in the classroom and the streets. Routledge.
- 3) Duncan-Andrade, J., & Morrell, E. (2008). The art of critical pedagogy. New York, NY: Peter Lang Publishing.

Weekly Themes and Required Reading

Read the required reading under each week *prior to* the class meeting.

Theme/Essential Question	Readings	Sample Seminar Activities
Part 1: Theorizing Social Jus	tice Education	
Week 1 - Theme: Introduction to (in)equality	Darling-Hammond, L. (2010). The flat world and education: America's commitment to equity will	-Begin with silent "word wall" where every student writes a social justice
and social justice in U.S.	determine our future. <i>Phi Delta Kappan</i> , 91(4), 8-14.	issue in education they care about on
schools	Ladson-Billings, G. (2006). "From the Achievement Gap to the Education Debt: Understanding Achievement in	the board. We discuss students' interests and their backgrounds that
Essential Question: How have	U.S. Schools." Educational Researcher, 35(7), 3-12.	inform their interests.
race, class, and gender achievement disparities in	Milner, H. R. (2015). Rac(e)ing to class: Confronting poverty and race in schools and classrooms. Chapter 1. Harvard	-View and discuss in Socratic seminar format the Educational Opportunity
U.S. schools given rise to calls for social justice education?	Education Press.	Race video by Kimberle Crenshaw and Erica Pinto
,		(https://vimeo.com/99154331)
Week 2 - Theme: Defining and conceptualizing social justice education	Apple, M. W. (2013). Can education change society? Du Bois, Woodson and the politics of social transformation. <i>Review of Education</i> , 1(1), 32 – 56. DOI: 10.1002/rev3.3000	-With a partner, students create and discuss concept maps of what different scholars argue are the components of social justice education. We have a
Essential Question: How is social justice education theorized in scholarship?	Grant, C. A. & Gibson, M. L. (2013). "The path of social justice": A human rights history of social justice education. <i>Equity & Excellence in Education</i> , 46(1), 81 – 99.	whole group dialogue on Apple's (2013) question: Can education change society?

¹ http://www.thekingcenter.org/king-philosophy

	Ladson-Billings, G., & Tate, W. F. (Eds.). (2006). Education	
	research in the public interest: Social justice, action, and policy. Teachers College Press. Sleeter, C. E. (2015, February). Deepening social justice teaching. Journal of Language and Literacy Education. Retrieved from http://jolle.coe.uga.edu/ Westheimer, J., & Kahne, J. (2004) What kind of citizen?: the politics of educating for democracy. American Educational Research Journal. 41(2), 237-269.	
Week 3 - Theme: Urban education and social justice	Katsarou, E., Picower, B., & Stovall, D. (2010). Acts of solidarity: Developing urban social justice educators in	-Students break into small groups to discuss different current events related
,	the struggle for quality public education. Teacher	to urban schools and social justice (i.e.
Essential Question: Why is there a focus on "urban" schools in social justice education scholarship?	Education Quarterly, 137-153. Michie, G. (2005). See you when we get there: Teaching for change in urban schools (Vol. 14). Chapters 1-2. Teachers College Press.	NYC students challenging school discipline policies that disproportionally impact Students of Color), and then teach the rest of the
	Noguera, P. A. (2011). A Broader and Bolder Approach to Education. <i>Phi Delta Kappan</i> , 93(3), 8.	seminar about the event
Part 2: Advancing Social Justi	ice Within Classrooms	
Week 4 - Theme: Critical pedagogy Essential Question: What is critical pedagogy, and how does it relate to social justice education?	Camangian, P. R. (2013). Teach Like Lives Depend on It: Agitate, Arouse, and Inspire. <i>Urban Education</i> . Duncan-Andrade, J., & Morrell, E. (2008). <i>The art of critical pedagogy</i> . Chapters 1-2. New York, NY: Peter Lang Publishing. Freire, P. (1970). <i>Pedagogy of the oppressed</i> . Chapter 1. New York, NY: Continuum International Publishing Group.	-Teachers who strive to teach with a critical pedagogy who are members of The People's Education Movement in Los Angeles serve as a guest panel. Students develop a set of questions to pose to them and reflect collectively following the panel on the affordances and challenges of critical pedagogy.
	Giroux, H. A. (1988). Teachers as intellectuals: Toward a	
Week 5 - Theme: Culturally relevant pedagogy	critical pedagogy of learning. Westport, CT: Bergin. Ladson-Billings, G. (1995). Toward a theory of culturally relevant pedagogy. American educational research journal, 32(3), 465-491.	-Film analysis in seminar: <i>Precious Knowledge,</i> on the struggle for ethnic studies in high schools in Tuscon,
Essential Question: What is the relationship between culture and social justice education?	Paris, D., & Alim, H. S. (2014). What are we seeking to sustain through culturally sustaining pedagogy? A loving critique forward. <i>Harvard Educational Review</i> , 84(1), 85-100.	Arizona. Students discuss how the youth in the film engage in a culturally relevant classroom to develop transformative resistance.
	Tate, W. F. (1995). Returning to the Root: A Culturally Relevant Approach to Mathematics Pedagogy. <i>Theory into Practice, 34</i> (3), 166-173. Yosso, T. (2005). "Whose Culture has Capital? A Critical Race Theory Discussion of Community Cultural Wealth." <i>Race, Ethnicity and Education</i> , 8, 69-91.	
Week 6 - Theme: Social justice teaching across grade levels and subject areas	Kumashiro, K. K. (2001). "Perspectives on Anti-Oppressive Education in Social Studies, English, Mathematics, and Science Classrooms." Educational Researcher 30(3): 3- 12.	-Students review different lesson plans and short articles from <i>Rethinking</i> <i>Schools</i> (a non-profit publishing company specifically dedicated to social
Essential Question: What do elementary education and subjects like mathematics and science have to do with	Gutstein, E. (2003). Teaching and learning mathematics for social justice in an urban Latino school. <i>Journal for Research in Mathematics Education</i> , 34(1). Tan, L. (2009). The 5 E's of emancipatory pedagogy: The	justice education) about different subjects areas and grade levels. They make posters in small groups and have a "gallery walk" learning from each
social justice education?	rehumanizing approach to teaching and learning with inner-city youth. <i>Handbook of social justice in education</i> , 485-496.	others' posters.
Part 3: Youth, Communities, and Educators and Grassroots Organizing for Social Justice Wools 7. Thomas Youth Paytista M. Paytrand M. Marrell F. Scorga D. 8. My former high school students from		
Week 7 - Theme: Youth Participatory Action Research and social justice Essential Question: How can	Bautista, M., Bertrand, M., Morrell, E., Scorza, D., & Matthews, C. (2013). Participatory action research and city youth: Methodological insights from the Council of Youth Research. <i>Teachers College Record</i> , 115(10), 1-23.	-My former high school students from East Los Angeles give a short presentation on their own Youth Participatory Action Research (YPAR) project. Seminar students identify
the most marginalized young people in U.S. schools study and challenge inequality?	Cammarota, J., & Fine, M. (2008). Youth participatory action research: A pedagogy for transformational resistance. In J. Cammarota & M. Fine (Eds.), Revolutionizing education: Youth participatory action research in motion (pp. 1-12). New York: Routledge.	affordances and challenges of YPAR and what it would take to have YPAR more common in schools.

Week 8 - Theme: Grassroots	Torre, M., & Fine, M. (2006). Researching and resisting: Democratic policy research by and for youth. In S. A. Ginwright, P. Noguera & J. Cammarota (Eds.), Beyond Resistance!: Youth activism and community change: New democratic possibliities for practice and policy for America's youth. New York: Routledge. Anyon, J. (2005). Radical Possibilities: public policy, urban	-Students come to class with a
organizing for social justice in education across the U.S. Essential Question: What	education, and a new social movement. Chapters 1-3. New York and London: Routledge. Picower, B. (2012). Teacher activism: Enacting a vision for social justice. Equity & Excellence in Education, 45(4),	newspaper article or website containing information about educational justice organizing in a U.S. city other than Los Angeles. We compare and contrast them
organizations around the country are fighting for social justice in and beyond education, what issues and strategies do they employ, and what resistance do they face?	561-574. Theoharis, G. (2007). Social justice educational leaders and resistance: Toward a theory of social justice leadership. <i>Educational Administration Quarterly</i> , 43(2), 221-258.	(who is organizing, what are they organizing for / what educational inequality is being challenged, what strategies are they using, what assumptions are organizers making, what beliefs do organizers hold about social justice education).
Week 9 - Theme: Grassroots organizing for social justice in education in Los Angeles	Oakes, J., & Rogers, J. (2006). Learning power: Organizing for education and justice. Teachers College Press. Schools L.A. Students Deserve. (2014). Vision for the Schools L.A. Students Deserve. Retrieved from:	-Film analysis in seminar: <i>Crenshaw</i> , a film documenting the student, community, and teacher resistance to the reconstitution (district take over) of
Essential Question: What organizations in Los Angeles are fighting for social justice in and beyond education, what issues and strategies do	http://www.schoolslastudentsdeserve.com/uploads/ 1/1/1/1/11113801/slasd_vision_long_version_9.2013 .pdf	Crenshaw High School. How are organizers framing central tenets of social justice education? -Conclude with activity in which students represent and share their own
they employ, and what resistance do they face?		theory of change for greater social justice in K-12 U.S. Schools

Assignments

- **Guided Question Responses (10%).** Students will write a weekly response to a prompt/question related to the readings. The purpose of these responses is to gauge the manner in which students are processing course content, agreeing, or disagreeing with content, and making meaning of topics in the course. The GQRs should **not** be mere summaries of course readings, but an analysis, critique, and engagement with course readings. The GQRs will serve as direct preparation for students to come ready to dialogue in seminar. 2 pages double-spaced.
- Film Reviews (10%). We will watch two short films during the seminar: *Precious Knowledge*, a film on the struggle for ethnic studies in high schools in Arizona, and *Crenshaw*, a film documenting the student, community, and teacher resistance to the reconstitution (district take over) of Crenshaw High School. Following each film, you will write a 2 page double-spaced film review, relating the films to the educational scholarship we will read.
- Seminar Facilitation (15%). Once during the seminar, you will facilitate a 30-minute activity with one other student in the class. Facilitation will *not* be a mere presentation of or lecture on the readings, but leading an engaging activity connecting the week's theme and readings with current events and fostering dialogue amongst seminar participants. I will assist each pair in the planning process, and your pair needs to email me your plan three days before the seminar you facilitate in so that I may provide feedback. Students will sign up for a facilitation date at the first seminar.
- Seminar Participation (15%). Students should contribute to whole-class and small-group discussions by posing questions, referencing the readings, sharing and reflecting on your personal/familial/educational/community experiences, and recognizing and expanding on others' contributions. Additionally, it is important that you evaluate yourself to reflect on how you are learning and growing and how you can challenge yourself more. Twice during the seminar you will be asked to write a short in-seminar self-reflection on your progress. What I value most in this seminar is that you feel you are growing as an individual, as we collectively think critically and learn from one another. Finally, you must attend office hours at least twice during the quarter.
- Midterm Interview/Ethnography Paper (20%). Interview a young person, community member, or teacher who is working towards social justice in education and observe them in their learning or work place. I will provide guidance on developing interview protocols and conducting interviews, as well as approaches to taking ethnographic field notes. Write a 5 page double-spaced paper, excluding bibliography, on 1) how the person you learned from defines social justice education and how their ideas relate to the literature we have read and 2) specific examples your interviewee shared of the affordances and challenges of working towards social justice in schools. Reference a minimum of five course readings and two out-of-course readings. The paper should conclude with three of your main

takeaways about social justice education and at least one critical question you have moving forward. A draft is due in
seminar two weeks before the deadline; we will have a peer writers workshop. Due date:

• **Final Research Paper (30%).** Select a topic that you are passionate about related to social justice education (i.e. disrupting the school-to-prison pipeline with *restorative justice*, a novel approach to school discipline). We will brainstorm topics, develop research questions, and develop research paper "blue prints" together beginning in the middle of the quarter. We will discuss in-depth the multiple qualities of a strong research paper. Write a 12-15 page double-spaced research paper, excluding bibliography. Reference a minimum of six course readings and six out-of-course readings. You will be provided guidance on finding resources using the UCLA library database. A draft is due in seminar two weeks before the final deadline; we will have a peer writers workshop. Due date:

This seminar has a focus on your development as a **writer**. All students will receive feedback on your strengths as well as areas for improvement, and we will discuss powerful writing as a seminar. In addition to seeking my feedback, students are encouraged to seek feedback from the UCLA Undergraduate Writing Center.

Accessibility

Students needing an academic accommodation based on a disability should contact the Office for Students with Disabilities at (310) 825-1501 or in A255 Murphy Hall. I will make all necessary accommodations and modifications for students' equitable access to and participation in the seminar. For more information, visit www.osd.ucla.edu.

Academic Integrity

I assume that all students are honest and that all course work and examinations represent each student's own work. Violations of the academic integrity policy such as cheating or plagiarism are grounds for academic action and/or disciplinary sanction as described in the university's student conduct code. Students are warned not to use any text verbatim on any class assignments without quotation marks and source citations. We will prepare thoroughly for all writing assignments, as my goal is for all students to feel confident in their original work. If an assignment is particularly challenging, I encourage you to seek my guidance in office hours and ask questions during seminar.

Office Hours Time: _______, or by appointment Office location: Math Science Building 8150 (8th floor) In office hours, we can discuss K-12 teaching, graduate school, or other career trajectories; current issues in education; course readings; and of course the class assignments. You may come on your own or with classmates. Attending office hours is required at least twice during the quarter. I recommend attending before the mid-term and before the final. Additionally, I am happy to take questions or provide feedback over email and will promise to respond within 48 hours.

New Course Proposal

Education 98TA Education for Social Justice: Students, Communities, and Teachers Challenging Inequity in U.S. K-12 Schools **Course Number Education 98TA** Title Education for Social Justice: Students, Communities, and Teachers Challenging Inequity in U.S. K-12 Schools **Short Title EDUC FOR SOCL JUSTC Units** Fixed: 5 **Grading Basis** Letter grade only **Instructional Format** Seminar - 3 hours per week **TIE Code** SEMT - Seminar (Topical) [T] **GE Requirement Yes Major or Minor Requirement No** Requisites Enforced: Satisfaction of entry-level Writing requirement. Freshman and sophomores preferred. Course Description Explore theoretical, pedagogical, and grassroots organizing perspectives on education for social justice. Learn from youth, community members, and teachers about working towards justice within and outside the classroom. Students co-create class community, gain writing and research skills, and explore scholar-activism. Justification Part of the series of seminars offered through the Collegium of University **Teaching Fellows** Syllabus File EDUC 98TB Syllabus.pdf was previously uploaded. You may view the file by clicking on the file name. Supplemental Information Professor Megan Franke is the faculty mentor for this course. **Grading Structure** Guided Question Responses - 10% Film Reviews - 10% **Seminar Facilitation - 15% Seminar Participation - 15%** Midterm Interview/Paper - 20% Final Research Paper - 30% **Effective Date** Winter 2017 **Discontinue** Summer 1 2017 **Date Instructor** Name Mary Candace Raygoza **Teaching Fellow Quarters Taught** Fall **✓** Winter Spring Summer **Department Education** Contact Name E-mail **MICHELLE CHEN** mchen@oid.ucla.edu **Routing Help**

ROUTING STATUS

Role: Registrar's Publications Office

Status: Pending Action

Role: Registrar's Scheduling Office - Lin, Jessica (JLIN@REGISTRAR.UCLA.EDU) - 58253

Status: Added to SRS on 9/12/2016 4:58:21 PM

Changes: Course Number, Short Title

Comments: dept/college needs to input Franke UID on OASIS

Role: FEC School Coordinator - Kikuchi, Myrna Dee Castillo (MKIKUCHI@COLLEGE.UCLA.EDU) - 45040

Status: Approved on 8/11/2016 3:45:02 PM

Changes: No Changes Made

Comments: Routing to Doug Thomson in the Registrar's Office.

Role: FEC Chair or Designee - Bristow, Joseph E (JBRISTOW@HUMNET.UCLA.EDU) - 54173

Status: Approved on 7/28/2016 9:02:37 AM

Changes: No Changes Made
Comments: No Comments

Role: FEC Chair or Designee - Kikuchi, Myrna Dee Castillo (MKIKUCHI@COLLEGE.UCLA.EDU) - 45040

Status: Returned for Additional Info on 7/27/2016 4:04:06 PM

Changes: No Changes Made

Comments: Routing to Joe Bristow for FEC approval.

Role: CUTF Coordinator - Chen, Michelle L. (MCHEN@OID.UCLA.EDU) - 53042

Status: Approved on 7/13/2016 4:02:33 PM

Changes: No Changes Made

Comments: on behalf of Professor Kathleen L. Komar, Chair, CUTF Faculty Advisory Committee

Role: Initiator/Submitter - Chen, Michelle L. (MCHEN@OID.UCLA.EDU) - 53042

Status: Submitted on 7/13/2016 3:48:08 PM

Comments: Initiated a New Course Proposal

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